## **Useful Formulas**

**Present value:** 

$$PV = \frac{C_t}{(1+r)^t}$$

Present values when there are multiple cash flows:

$$PV = \frac{C_1}{(1+r)^1} + \frac{C_2}{(1+r)^2} + \frac{C_3}{(1+r)^3} + \dots + \frac{C_T}{(1+r)^T} = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{C_t}{(1+r)^t}$$

**Net Present Value (NPV):** 

$$NPV = -C_0 + PV = -C_0 + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{C_t}{(1+r)^t}$$

Present value of perpetuity:

$$PV = \frac{C}{r}$$

Present value of growing perpetuity:

$$PV = \frac{C_1}{r - g}$$
 We assume that r is greater than g.

Present value of an annuity that pays €1 at the end of each of the t years starting in year 1 (Annuity Factor):

$$PV = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{1}{(1+r)^{t}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^{t}}}{r} = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r(1+r)^{t}}$$

Present value of an annuity that pays €1 at the start of each of the t years starting in year 1 (Annuity Due):

$$PV = \left[\sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{1}{(1+r)^{t}}\right] (1+r) = \left[\frac{1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^{t}}}{r}\right] (1+r) = \left[\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r(1+r)^{t}}\right] (1+r)$$

**Calculating Annual Payments:** 

Annual Payment = 
$$\frac{PV}{\text{Annuity Factor}}$$

**Merger Gains and Costs:** 

$$Gain = PV_{AB} - (PV_A + PV_B)$$

$$Cost_A = Cash paid - PV_B$$

$$Cost_A = NP_{AB} - PV_B$$

$$NPV_A = Gain - Cost$$

$$Cost_A = xPV_{AB} - PV_B$$

**Net Advantage to Leasing (NAL):** 

NAL = PV Cost of Leasing – PV Cost of Owning