

Athens University of Economics and Business
 Department of Economics

Postgraduate Program - Master's in Economic Theory

Course: *Mathematical Analysis (Mathematics II)*

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Semester: Spring 2016-2017

18-03-2017

EXERCISES 2

Balls and Boundedness

1. Show that open and closed balls can be defined for pseudo-metric spaces.

2. Given the previous result, draw what $O_{d_A}(0,1)$ looks like, for $X = \mathbb{R}^2$ and

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

3. For $X = \mathbb{R}^3$ show that $d(x, y) := \max \left\{ |x_2 - y_2|, \sqrt{(x_1 - y_1)^2 + (x_3 - y_3)^2} \right\}$ $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^3$ is a well-defined metric. Visualize $O_d(\mathbf{0}, 1)$.

4. Suppose that X is finite. Show that every singleton $\{x\}, x \in X$, as well as X , is a d -open ball of (X, d) .

5. Show that if (X, d) is a metric space, $y \in O_d(x, \varepsilon)$, then

$$\exists \delta > 0: O_d(y, \delta) \subseteq O_d(x, \varepsilon)$$

6. Let $X = (-\infty, 0) \cup \{1\}$ and d the restriction of the usual metric (absolute value), in X . Show that $\exists x \in X, \varepsilon > 0: O_d(x, \varepsilon) = \{x\}$

7. More generally, show that if (Y, d^*) is a metric subspace of (X, d) , i.e.

$$Y \subseteq X, Y \neq \emptyset, d^* = d|_{Y \times Y}, \text{ then } \forall x \in Y, \varepsilon > 0 \text{ we have}$$

$$O_{d^*}(x, \varepsilon) = O_d(x, \varepsilon) \cap Y \text{ and } O_{d^*}[x, \varepsilon] = O_d[x, \varepsilon] \cap Y$$

8. Show that if d_1, d_2 are metrics with which X can be endowed, and $d_1 \leq cd_2$ (as functions) for some $c \geq 0$ then $\forall x \in X, \varepsilon > 0 \exists \delta > 0: O_{d_2}(x, \delta) \subseteq O_{d_1}(x, \varepsilon)$
9. For (X, d) a metric space, $Y \neq \emptyset$, define $B(Y, X)$ (the set of bounded functions from Y to X). Consider $d_{\text{sup}}^d : B^2(Y, X) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $d_{\text{sup}}^d(f, y) = \sup_{x \in Y} d(f(x), y(x))$. Show that it is a well defined metric.
10. For the framework of the previous exercise, show that if (X, d) is bounded then $(B(Y, X), d_{\text{sup}}^d)$ is bounded.
11. Show that if I is a finite index set, A_i are bounded subsets of (X_i, d_i) , then

$$A := \prod_{i \in I} A_i \text{ is } d_{\prod_1} \text{ and } d_{\prod_2} \text{-bounded.}$$

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