## Notes:

- 1. Duration: 2.5 hours
- 2. Explain everything carefully. You will be graded also on the clarity of your arguments.

## Exercises:

- 1. (1 point) Prove that the convex hull convA of a set A is the smallest convex set that contains A, in the sense that it is a subset of any convex set C that contains A.
- 2. (1.5 points) Let  $y, x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_p \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Prove that  $y \in \text{conv}\{(x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_p\})$  if and only if

$$\operatorname{conv}(\{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_p\}) = \operatorname{conv}\{(y, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_p)\}.$$

With conv{S} we denote the convex hull of the set  $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ .

3. (2.5 points) Consider the problem

minimize: 
$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 + x_4^2$$
  
subject to:  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 1$ ,  $x_4 \le K$ 

where K is a parameter.

- $(\alpha')$  Bring the problem in the standard form of an optimization problem.
- $(\beta')$  Is the problem convex? Explain.
- $(\gamma')$  Write the Lagrangian.
- $(\delta')$  Write the KKT conditions for this problem.
- ( $\epsilon$ ') Find the solution of the problem as a function of the parameter K.
- 4. (2.5 points) Find the Lagrangian, the dual function  $g(\lambda)$  and the dual problem of the problem

minimize: 
$$f_0(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^TQx + c^Tx$$
  
subject to:  $Ax \ge b$ ,

where Q is a positive definite  $n \times n$  matrix.

5. (2.5 points) Let  $y^1, y^2, \ldots, y^p$  be p points in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that the problem of finding the smallest possible ball that contains all these points is a convex optimization problem. Write the KKT conditions for that problem. In the special case p = 3, discuss different cases for the solution, without providing proofs, and with informal geometric arguments.