

How Derivatives Work

Detailed Examples: Hedging,
Speculation, and Swaps

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Example 1: Hedging with Options

- Scenario:
 - A U.S. firm expects to receive €1,000,000 in 90 days.
 - Revenue depends on EUR/USD exchange rate at conversion.
 - If euro weakens, firm receives fewer dollars.

Risk of Exchange Rate Movement

- Why risk exists:
 - Current spot = \$1.10/€ → Expected \$1,100,000 revenue.
 - If EUR falls to \$1.00 → revenue drops to \$1,000,000.
 - If EUR falls to \$0.95 → revenue becomes \$950,000.
 - Firm wants to avoid uncertainty.

Hedging Solution: Buy a Call Option

- Action:
 - Firm buys call option on \$ at strike = \$1.05/€.
 - This guarantees euro receipts can be exchanged at \$1.05 minimum.
 - If market rate is better, firm ignores the option.
 - Provides protection while allowing upside gain.

Example 2: Speculation with Futures

- Scenario:
 - Euro futures for 1 year = \$1.20/€.
 - You believe euro will rise to \$1.32.
 - You buy euro futures now to profit from expected rise.

Speculation Payoff

- Outcomes:
 - If EUR = \$1.32 → gain = \$0.12 per € (10% profit).
 - If EUR = \$1.20 → break even.
 - If EUR < \$1.20 → loss equal to price decline.
 - Futures require commitment → no protection.

Example 3: Currency Swap

- Scenario:
 - Company A (U.S.) needs €1,000,000.
 - Company B (EU) needs \$1,100,000.
 - Spot rate = \$1.10/€.

How the Swap Works

- Steps:
 - Today: A gives \$1,100,000 to B; B gives €1,000,000 to A.
 - In 1 year: They reverse the exchange at the same \$1.10/€ rate.
 - This locks in rates and avoids currency risk.

Currency Swap: Cash Flows (Party A – U.S.)

Time	USD Cash Flow	EUR Cash Flow	Description
Today (T0)	-\$1,100,000	+€1,000,000	Receive euros now; pay dollars at spot \$1.10/€
In 12 months (T1)	+\$1,100,000	-€1,000,000	Reverse exchange at agreed forward \$1.10/€
Net (USD terms)	0 (locked)		Dollar amount is fully hedged by forward leg

Currency Swap: Cash Flows (Party B – Europe)

Time	USD Cash Flow	EUR Cash Flow	Description
Today (T0)	+\$1,100,000	-€1,000,000	Receives dollars; delivers euros
In 12 months (T1)	-\$1,100,000	+€1,000,000	Reverse exchange at \$1.10/€

Valuation of Forward Leg at Maturity (Scenario Analysis)

Future Spot S(T1)	Market value of €1,000,000	Swap inflow (locked)	Gain/Loss vs Market
\$1.20/€	\$1,200,000	\$1,100,000	-\$100,000 (foregone upside)
\$1.10/€	\$1,100,000	\$1,100,000	\$0 (at-the-money)
\$1.00/€	\$1,000,000	\$1,100,000	+\$100,000 (protection benefit)

Why a Currency Swap = Spot + Forward

- A plain-vanilla currency swap combines:
 - A spot exchange today (swap the notionals)
 - A forward contract to reverse the exchange at a fixed rate on a future date
- Hence, total FX exposure is neutral: the future rate is locked; only counterparty risk remains
- Forward rate intuition (covered interest parity): $F = S \times (1 + r_{\text{USD}}) / (1 + r_{\text{EUR}})$
- In practice, F is set so neither side has