

*Γεννητικότητα και φοροαπαλλαγές
(10.4, 11.6, 11.8, 18.5)*

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1t} + \beta_2 x_{2t} + \beta_3 x_{3t} + u_t$$

$$\Delta ΠΠ_t = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ για } t \in [41, 45] \\ 0 \text{ διαφορετικά} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Χάπι}_t = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ για } t \geq 63 \\ 0 \text{ για } t < 63 \end{cases}$$

$y_t = \text{Γεννητικότητα}$

$x_{1t} = \text{Φόρο-απαλλαγές}$

$x_{2t} = \text{2ος Παγκόσμιος Πόλεμος}$

$x_{3t} = \text{Χάπι}$

Dependent Variable: FERTILITY_RATE

Method: Least Squares

Sample: 1913-1984 (71)

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | 98.68 | 3.21 | 30.76 | 0.00 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION | 0.08 | 0.03 | 2.78 | 0.01 |
| WORLD_WAR2 | -24.24 | 7.46 | -3.25 | 0.00 |
| PILL | -31.59 | 4.08 | -7.74 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.47 | Mean dependent var | | 95.63 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.45 | S.D. dependent var | | 19.80 |
| S.E. of regression | 14.69 | Akaike info criterion | | 8.27 |
| Sum squared resid | 14664.27 | Schwarz criterion | | 8.39 |
| Log likelihood | -293.56 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 8.32 |
| F-statistic | 20.38 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.18 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

LS FERTILITY_RATE C TAX_EXEMPTION WORLD_WAR2 PILL

Dependent Variable: FERTILITY_RATE

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 1915-1984 (70)

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | 95.87 | 3.28 | 29.21 | 0.00 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION | 0.073 | 0.13 | 0.58 | 0.56 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION_1 | -0.0058 | 0.16 | -0.04 | 0.97 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION_2 | 0.034 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 0.79 |
| WORLD_WAR2 | -22.13 | 10.73 | -2.06 | 0.04 |
| PILL | -31.30 | 3.98 | -7.86 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.50 | Mean dependent var | | 94.77 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.46 | var | | |
| S.E. of regression | 14.27 | S.D. dependent var | | 19.41 |
| Sum squared resid | 13032.64 | Akaike info criterion | | 8.24 |
| Log likelihood | -282.26 | Schwarz criterion | | 8.43 |
| F-statistic | 12.73 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 8.31 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.19 |

Command Window:

LS FERTILITY_RATE C TAX_EXEMPTION TAX_EXEMPTION_1 TAX_EXEMPTION_2 WORLD_WAR2 PILL

• $H_0: \beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$: F-test: $p = 0.012$

$\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3$ μοιάζουν ασήμαντες

• $\widehat{\beta}_1 + \widehat{\beta}_2 + \widehat{\beta}_3 \cong 0.101$



?



Redundant Variables Test

Redundant Variables:

TAX_EXEMPTION TAX_EXEMPTION_1 TAX_EXEMPTION_2

| | Value | df | Probability |
|------------------|-------|---------|-------------|
| F-statistic | 3.97 | (3, 64) | 0.012 |
| Likelihood ratio | 11.95 | 3.00 | 0.008 |

Command Window:

```
LS FERTILITY_RATE C TAX_EXEMPTION TAX_EXEMPTION_1 TAX_EXEMPTION_2 WORLD_WAR2 PILL  
testdrop TAX_EXEMPTION TAX_EXEMPTION_1 TAX_EXEMPTION_2
```

Για να εκτιμήσουμε την τυπική απόκλιση του μακροπρόθεσμου αποτελέσματος $(\beta_1 + \beta_2 + \beta_3)$ παλινδρομούμε:

$$y_t = \beta_0 + (\beta_1 + \beta_2 + \beta_3)x_{1t} + \beta_2(x_{1t-1} - x_{1t}) + \beta_3(x_{1t-2} - x_{1t}) + \beta_4 x_{2t} + \beta_5 x_{3t} + u_t$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{\hat{\beta}_1 + \hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3} = .03 \Rightarrow t_{\hat{\beta}_1 + \hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3} = 3.37 \Rightarrow$$

| |
|--|
| Μακροπρόθεσμο αποτέλεσμα σημαντικό |
|--|

Dependent Variable: FERTILITY_RATE

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 1916-1984 (69)

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | 95.87 | 3.28 | 29.21 | 0.00 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION | 0.10 | 0.03 | 3.38 | 0.00 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION_1- TAX_EXEMPTION | -0.01 | 0.16 | -0.04 | 0.97 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION_2- TAX_EXEMPTION | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 0.79 |
| WORLD_WAR2 | -22.13 | 10.73 | -2.06 | 0.04 |
| PILL | -31.30 | 3.98 | -7.86 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.50 | Mean dependent var | | 94.77 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.46 | S.D. dependent var | | 19.41 |
| S.E. of regression | 14.27 | Akaike info criterion | | 8.24 |
| Sum squared resid | 13032.64 | Schwarz criterion | | 8.43 |
| Log likelihood | -282.26 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 8.31 |
| F-statistic | 12.73 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.19 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

```
LS FERTILITY_RATE C TAX_EXEMPTION (TAX_EXEMPTION_1 - TAX_EXEMPTION) (TAX_EXEMPTION_2 - TAX_EXEMPTION)
WORLD_WAR2 PILL
```


*Η αυτοσυσχέτιση ως ένδειξη έλλειψης
στασιμότητας*

Dependent Variable: FERTILITY_RATE

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 1914-1984

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | 1.30 | 2.55 | 0.51 | 0.61 |
| FERTILITY_RATE_1 | 0.98 | 0.03 | 37.60 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.95 | Mean dependent var | | 95.22 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.95 | S.D. dependent var | | 19.64 |
| S.E. of regression | 4.27 | Akaike info criterion | | 5.77 |
| Sum squared resid | 1256.22 | Schwarz criterion | | 5.83 |
| Log likelihood | -202.74 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 5.79 |
| F-statistic | 1413.53 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.40 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

LS FERTILITY_RATE C FERTILITY_RATE_1

Dependent Variable: TAX_EXEMPTION

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 1914-1984

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | 6.43 | 3.81 | 1.69 | 0.10 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION_1 | 0.95 | 0.03 | 29.93 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.93 | Mean dependent var | | 101.82 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.93 | S.D. dependent var | | 65.23 |
| S.E. of regression | 17.57 | Akaike info criterion | | 8.60 |
| Sum squared resid | 21303.12 | Schwarz criterion | | 8.66 |
| Log likelihood | -303.23 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 8.62 |
| F-statistic | 895.85 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.51 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

LS TAX_EXEMPTION C TAX_EXEMPTION_1

$$\Delta y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \Delta x_{1t} + u_t$$

$$\Delta y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \Delta x_{1t} + \beta_2 \Delta x_{1t-1} + \beta_3 \Delta x_{1t-2} + u_t$$

Dependent Variable: D(FERTILITY_RATE)

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted):1914-1984 (71)

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | -0.78 | 0.50 | -1.56 | 0.12 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION) | -0.04 | 0.03 | -1.50 | 0.14 |
| R-squared | 0.03 | Mean dependent var | | -0.84 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.02 | S.D. dependent var | | 4.26 |
| S.E. of regression | 4.22 | Akaike info criterion | | 5.75 |
| Sum squared resid | 1229.26 | Schwarz criterion | | 5.81 |
| Log likelihood | -201.97 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 5.77 |
| F-statistic | 2.26 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.36 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.14 | | | |

Command Window:

LS D(FERTILITY_RATE) C D(TAX_EXEMPTION)

Dependent Variable: D(FERTILITY_RATE)

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 1916-1984 (69)

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | -0.96 | 0.47 | -2.06 | 0.04 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION) | -0.04 | 0.03 | -1.35 | 0.18 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION_1) | -0.01 | 0.03 | -0.51 | 0.61 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION_2) | 0.11 | 0.03 | 4.09 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.23 | Mean dependent var | | -0.86 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.20 | S.D. dependent var | | 4.31 |
| S.E. of regression | 3.86 | Akaike info criterion | | 5.60 |
| Sum squared resid | 968.20 | Schwarz criterion | | 5.72 |
| Log likelihood | -189.03 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 5.65 |
| F-statistic | 6.56 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.41 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

LS D(FERTILITY_RATE) C D(TAX_EXEMPTION) D(TAX_EXEMPTION_1) D(TAX_EXEMPTION_2)

Dependent Variable: D(FERTILITY_RATE)

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 1916-1984

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | -0.70 | 0.45 | -1.55 | 0.13 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION) | -0.05 | 0.03 | -1.77 | 0.08 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION_1) | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.94 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION_2) | 0.11 | 0.03 | 4.11 | 0.00 |
| D(FERTILITY_RATE_1) | 0.30 | 0.11 | 2.84 | 0.01 |
| R-squared | 0.32 | Mean dependent var | | -0.86 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.28 | S.D. dependent var | | 4.31 |
| S.E. of regression | 3.67 | Akaike info criterion | | 5.51 |
| Sum squared resid | 860.17 | Schwarz criterion | | 5.67 |
| Log likelihood | -184.95 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 5.57 |
| F-statistic | 7.46 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.94 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

LS D(FERTILITY_RATE) C D(TAX_EXEMPTION) D(TAX_EXEMPTION_1) D(TAX_EXEMPTION_2) D(FERTILITY_RATE_1)

$$\Delta y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \Delta x_{1t} + \beta_2 \Delta x_{1t-1} + \beta_3 \Delta x_{1t-2} + \beta_4 \Delta y_{t-1} + u_t$$

t-stat (H0: $\beta_4=0$) = 2.84 =>

προβλέψεις
μικρής αυτοσυσχέτισης,
συμπεράσματα είναι παρόμοια

δυναμικά ελλειπές =>

με β_4 καλύτερο για
δεδομένου

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1t} + \beta_2 t + u_t$$

Dependent Variable: FERTILITY_RATE

Method: Least Squares

Sample: 1913:01-1984:01

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | 109.02 | 3.43 | 31.83 | 0.00 |
| TAX_EXEMPTION | 0.19 | 0.03 | 5.39 | 0.00 |
| @TREND | -0.91 | 0.11 | -8.31 | 0.00 |
| R-squared | 0.50 | Mean dependent var | | 95.63 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.49 | S.D. dependent var | | 19.80 |
| S.E. of regression | 14.20 | Akaike info criterion | | 8.19 |
| Sum squared resid | 13918.81 | Schwarz criterion | | 8.28 |
| Log likelihood | -291.68 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 8.22 |
| F-statistic | 34.53 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.17 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.00 | | | |

Command Window:

LS FERTILITY_RATE C TAX_EXEMPTION @TREND

$$\Delta y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \Delta x_{1t} + u_t$$

Dependent Variable: D(FERTILITY_RATE)

Method: Least Squares

Sample (adjusted): 2 72

| <u>Variable</u> | <u>Coefficient</u> | <u>Std. Error</u> | <u>t-Statistic</u> | <u>Prob.</u> |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| C | -0.78 | 0.50 | -1.56 | 0.12 |
| D(TAX_EXEMPTION) | -0.04 | 0.03 | -1.50 | 0.14 |
| R-squared | 0.03 | Mean dependent var | | -0.84 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.02 | S.D. dependent var | | 4.26 |
| S.E. of regression | 4.22 | Akaike info criterion | | 5.75 |
| Sum squared resid | 1229.26 | Schwarz criterion | | 5.81 |
| Log likelihood | -201.97 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 5.77 |
| F-statistic | 2.26 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.36 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.14 | | | |

Command Window:

LS D(FERTILITY_RATE) C D(TAX_EXEMPTION)

Γιατί τόσο διαφορετικά αποτελέσματα;

ADF (1 υστέρηση και τάση) Γεννητικότητα $y(t) \Rightarrow I(1)$

ADF (1 υστέρηση και τάση) Απαλλαγές $xI(t) \Rightarrow I(1)$

Μήπως υπάρχει σχέση συνολοκλήρωσης;

ADF: $y(t)$

Null Hypothesis: UHAT has a unit root

Exogenous: Constant, Linear Trend

Lag Length: 1 (Fixed)

| | t-Statistic | Prob.* |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| <u>Augmented Dickey-Fuller test statistic</u> | <u>-2.42</u> | <u>0.37</u> |
| Test critical values: | | |
| 1% level | -4.09 | |
| 5% level | -3.48 | |
| 10% level | -3.17 | |

Command Window:
LS FERTILITY_RATE C TAX_EXEMPTION @TREND
series uhat=resid
uroot(adf,const,lag=1) uhat

Στα κατάλοιπα από την πρώτη παλινδρόμηση

ADF με 1 υστέρηση \Rightarrow $t_{stat} = -2.42$

(Κριτική Τιμή -3.50 σε Επίπεδο Σημαντικότητας 5%)

Δεν μπορούμε να απορρίψουμε έλλειψη συνολοκλήρωσης

Εξήγηση προηγούμενων αποτελεσμάτων;

Σχέση επιπέδου: φαινομενική συσχέτιση

Σχέση διαφορών: χρειάζεται περισσότερες υστερήσεις